FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Nova Scotia Nature Trust March 31, 2017

CONTENTS

	Page				
Independent Auditor's Report	INANCIAL STATEMENTS				
Statement of Financial Position	2				
Statement of Operations	ora Sontia tratura T ruin. audi 31 July				
Statement of Changes in Net Assets	4				
Statement of Cash Flows	5				
Notes to the Financial Statements	6-12				

1

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Directors of Nova Scotia Nature Trust

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Nova Scotia Nature Trust which comprise the statements of financial position as at March 31, 2017, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2017 and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audit is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Nova Scotia Nature Trust as at March 31, 2017, and the results of its operations for the year then ended March 31, 2017 in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Dartmouth, Nova Scotia June 22, 2017

Chartered Professional Accountants

		2016
ssets		ь аксынай е
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 101,026	\$ 230,683
Short term investments (Note 5)	3,561,692	4,144,229
Accounts receivable (Note 3)	89,654	87,253
Prepaid expenses and deposits on land	14,755	2,500
	3,767,127	4,464,665
	The state of the s	1, 10 1,000
Long term investments (Note 5)	3,235,137	2,384,849
Conservation lands and easements (Note 6)	11,890,186	11,653,204
Capital assets (Note 4)	445,008	8,597
Trade lands (Note 7)	241,465	241,465
is necessary to anable the preparation of tracerd selection to	\$19,578,923	\$18,752,780
whether due to haud or enor.	, A facilitation por incident	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred contributions (Note 8) Deferred contributions for capital assets (Note 9)	\$ 9,470 2,871,509 322,088	\$ 14,186 3,976,557
Total liabilities	3,203,067	3,990,743
Net assets		
Invested in conservation lands and easements	11,890,186	11,653,204
Invested in capital assets assets of nebroom arms nation as a second extension	122,920	8,597
Endowment fund - Land Stewardship (Note 10)	2,848,420	1,927,628
Endowment fund - Operating (Note 10)	1,195,286	813,856
Internally restricted	38,595	90,000
Operating - Unrestricted Surplus	280,449	268,752
Total Net Assets	16,375,856	14,762,037
	\$19,578,923	\$18,752,780

Approved on behalf of the board:

Director

Director

(See accompanying notes to the financial statements)



NOVA SCOTIA NATURE TRUST STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS		
Year ended March 31	2017	2016
Revenues	\$ 141,000	\$ 356,000
Donations of conservation lands and easements	1,148,702	1,594,592
Other donations, memberships and grants Fundraising events and activities	96,312	105,128
Investment income	22,718	14,340
Deferred contributions recognized for capital assets (Note 9)	6,573	-
general (1995) de lagua de Maria de Maria de la composició de la secució de la composició	4 445 205	2 070 000
Total revenues	1,415,305	2,070,060
Expenses		
Conservation lands and easements acquired	05.000	E44 90E
Purchased	95,982 141,000	541,825 356,000
Donated	141,000	330,000
	236,982	897,825
Programs	214,104	240,813
Land securement Land stewardship	138,400	151,066
Education and outreach	393,083	259,155
Special projects	50,000	30,000
	705 597	601 034
	795,587	681,034
Administration and fundraising	307,841	351,575
Total expenses	1,340,410	1,930,434
Excess of revenues over expenses	74,895	139,626
Board appropriation to operating endowment fund	(60,000)	(120,000)
Transfer of funds for purchase of capital assets (Note 9)	111,124	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
Net change in assets invested in capital assets	_(114,322)	(283)
Net change in operating unrestricted surplus	11,697	19,343
Operating unrestricted surplus, beginning of year	268,752	249,409
Operating unrestricted surplus, end of year	\$ 280,449	\$ 268,752
operating unicocious aupius, end of year	Ψ <u>200,770</u>	200,102

(See accompanying notes to the financial statements)



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NOVA SCOTIA NATURE TRUST STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Year end March 31 2017 2016

Unrealized gains (losses) on investments 138 Investment income (loss) - Endowment Fund 53 Investment management fees paid (net of HST) Acquisition of conservation lands and easements, net of reductions (Note 6) 236,982			\$268,752 74,895 10,921	Total \$14,762,037 74,895	Total \$13,463,576
interception of capital assets (10,921) Fransfer of funds for purchase of capital assets (Note 9) Deferred contributions recognized (Note 9) Fransfer of capital assets (Note 9) Fransfer of funds for purchase of ca	\$813,856		74,895		
nortization of capital assets (10,921) ansfer of funds for purchase of capital assets (Note 9) ferred contributions recognized (Note 9) forchase of capital assets (Note 9) 111,124 unned gifts downent Fund contributions realized gains (losses) on investments estment income (loss) - Endowment Fund forcestment management fees paid (net of HST) quisition of conservation lands and sements, net of reductions (Note 6) 236,982		(64.406)	2007 10-2 00-00 (8000)	74,895	102.00
ferred contributions recognized (Note 9) ferred contributions recognized (Note 9) forchase of capital assets (Note 9) f		(64.406)	10,921		139,626
ferred contributions recognized (Note 9) 6,573 rchase of capital assets (Note 9) 111,124 nned gifts downent Fund contributions 2 realized gains (losses) on investments 138 restment income (loss) - Endowment Fund 53 restment management fees paid (net of HST) (18) quisition of conservation lands and sements, net of reductions (Note 6) 236,982		(64 406)		0	0
rchase of capital assets (Note 9) 111,124 nned gifts downment Fund contributions 2 realized gains (losses) on investments 138 estment income (loss) - Endowment Fund 53 estment management fees paid (net of HST) (18) quisition of conservation lands and sements, net of reductions (Note 6) 236,982		(51,405)	111,124	59,719	0
nned gifts downent Fund contributions realized gains (losses) on investments 138 estment income (loss) - Endowment Fund 53 estment management fees paid (net of HST) (18) quisition of conservation lands and sements, net of reductions (Note 6) 236,982			(6,573)	0	0
dowment Fund contributions 22 realized gains (losses) on investments 138 estment income (loss) - Endowment Fund 53 estment management fees paid (net of HST) (18 quisition of conservation lands and sements, net of reductions (Note 6) 236,982			(111,124)	0	. 0
realized gains (losses) on investments 138 systment income (loss) - Endowment Fund 53 systment management fees paid (net of HST) (18) specification of conservation lands and ements, net of reductions (Note 6) 236,982	29,861			29,861	2,500
estment income (loss) - Endowment Fund 53 estment management fees paid (net of HST) (18 quisition of conservation lands and elements, net of reductions (Note 6) 236,982	200,000)		202,085	102,501
estment management fees paid (net of HST) quisition of conservation lands and ements, net of reductions (Note 6) 236,982	45 68,101			206,746	(150,648)
quisition of conservation lands and sements, net of reductions (Note 6) 236,982	31,964	prilate i		85,266	103,231
sements, net of reductions (Note 6) 236,982	90) (8,496)	5)		(26,986)	(21,575)
80A 981 No. 10				236,982	897,826
ernal appropriation from operating surplus	60,000	produka se	(60,000)	0	225,000
ansfer of project surpluses to land stewardship downent 745	250			745,250	0
quisition of capital assets (excluding land and building) 7,546			(7,546)	0	0

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NOVA SCOTIA NATURE TRUST STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	
Year ended March 31	2017 2016
Cash generated from (used in) operating activities	
Cash received from donations, memberships and grants Cash received from fundraising events and activities Cash paid for programs, administration and fundraising	\$ 64,479 \$ 2,501,280 96,312 105,128 (1,113,828) (1,094,958)
	(953,037) 1,511,450
Cash generated from (used in) financing activities	
Advances from (repayment of) loan payable	
Cash generated from (used in) investing activities	
Purchase of investments, net of internal transfers Purchase of conservation lands Purchase of capital assets	1,366,693 (2,571,101) (95,982) (541,825) (447,331) (4,631)
	823,380 (3,117,557)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(129,657) (1,717,607)
Cash, beginning of year	230,683 1,948,290
Cash, end of year	\$ 101,026 \$ 230,683

(See accompanying notes to the financial statements)



March 31, 2017

1. DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION

Nova Scotia Nature Trust is a society incorporated under the provisions of the Societies Act of Nova Scotia and is a registered charity under the provisions of the Income Tax Act. The Nature Trust is also a designated conservation organization under the Conservation Easements Act of Nova Scotia. The Nature Trust promotes the conservation of ecologically important lands in the Province of Nova Scotia through the acquisition of lands and conservation easements and entering into cooperative agreements with landowners. The Nature Trust also undertakes stewardship of its conservation lands, public education, and engagement in stewardship and conservation.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Part III of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada ("CPA Canada") Handbook - Accounting which sets out generally accepted accounting principles for not-for-profit organizations in Canada and includes the significant accounting policies set out below.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents represent cash in banks and short-term deposits with original maturities of less than 90 days or which are redeemable on notice.

Revenue recognition

The Nature Trust follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Restricted contributions, other than endowment contributions, are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred or property acquired. Endowment contributions are recognized as direct increases in endowment net assets.

Contributions of conservation lands and easements are recognized as revenues when title or interest is transferred to the Nature Trust.

Investments

Investments are recorded at market value. The market value for investments is determined directly from published price quotations in an active market. Investments have been classified as held for trading, however they are restricted endowment assets. Unrealized gains and losses related to the equity investments are included in the statement of changes in net assets for the year.



March 31, 2017

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Allowance for doubtful accounts

An allowance for doubtful accounts receivable is maintained for accounts where there is a reasonable doubt of ultimate collectability. Accounts are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of collection.

Conservation lands and easements

Purchased conservation lands are recorded at cost when title or interest is transferred to the Nature Trust. The purchases are recorded as an asset offset by an increase in Net Assets Invested in Conservation Lands and Easements. In addition, an entry to Expense - Conservation Lands and Easements is recorded, funded by revenue.

Contributed conservation lands and easements are recorded at fair value when title or interest is transferred to the Nature Trust. The contributions are recorded as revenue and expenses and also as an asset, offset by Net Assets Invested in Conservation Lands and Easements. The fair market value of contributed conservation lands and easements donated under the federal ecological gifts program is subject to review by Environment Canada. Should the review not be finalized at the fiscal year end, and the value changes, the impact of that change will be recorded in the following fiscal year.

Conservation lands transferred to the Province of Nova Scotia under a conservation partnership agreement, are recorded as a reduction of net assets invested in conservation lands and easements.

Capital assets

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at the fair value at the date of contribution. Amortization is provided on a diminishing balance and straight-line basis using rates disclosed in Note 4. In the year of acquisition amortization is calculated at one half of the normal rates.

Contributed services

Volunteers contribute their time to assist the Nature Trust in carrying out its activities. Due to the difficulty in determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the statements.

Human resources

Salaries and benefits are allocated on the statement of operations between program, administrative and fundraising expenses based on management's estimate of the portion of each employee's time spent on activities in each area.



March 31, 2017

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include valuation of accounts receivable, conservation lands and easements, allocation of expenses and the estimated useful life of capital assets. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Financial instruments policy

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial assets with actively traded markets are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in income. All other financial instruments are reported at amortized cost, and tested for impairment at each reporting date. Transactions costs on the acquisition, sale, or issue of a financial instrument are expensed when incurred.

When financial instruments that include both a debt and an equity component are issued, the proceeds are allocated firstly to the component for which the fair value is more readily determinable, and the residual is allocated to the other component.

Income taxes

The Nature Trust is a charitable organization from which no part of the income is payable or otherwise available for the personal benefit of any director. Therefore, it is exempt from income tax pursuant to Section 149(1)(I) of the Income Tax Act.

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

		2017	2016	
Accounts receivable Accounts receivable - restricted for land stewardship	\$	86,364	\$ 79,050	
endowment funds Accounts receivable - restricted for operating		2,697	6,437	
endowment funds	*******	593	 1,766	
garq telytes soloned to the office with the besides of the solones. The company of the telesistems of the company of the compa	-	89,654	\$ 87,253	

At year end, management is confident that all accounts receivable will be collected and no allowance for doubtful accounts is required.



March 31, 2017

4.	CAPITAL ASSETS	-	Cost	2017 cumulated cortization	210 -230	Net Book Value		20° Net Boo Valu	
	Land Building Furniture Office equipment	\$	111,124 328,661 9,560 91,062	\$ 6,573 9,560 79,266	\$	111,124 322,088 11,796	\$	8,59	- 4% d.b. - 5 yrs s.l. 7 3 or 5 yrs s.l.
		\$	540,407	\$ 95,399	\$	445,008	\$	8,59	7
5.	INVESTMENTS						2017		2016
	Short term investments: Non-Endowment Land Stewardship Endo Operating Endowment	wm	nent			\$		5,413 5,279 0,000	\$ 3,795,797 225,932 122,500
						\$	3,561	,692	\$ 4,144,229
	Long term investments: Land stewardship endowm Cash and equivalents Fixed income	ent	Sen ef e et Neter er er e			\$	534	,096 ,118	\$ 235,775 418,380
	Preferred shares Equities					c 0.4.4 <u>84</u>	1,14	3,800 1,430	76,420 964,684
	Operating endowment:					3 .	2,100	,,444	\$ 1,695,259
	Cash and equivalents Fixed income Preferred shares Equities						362 55	1,195 2,258 5,104 5,137	113,196 135,980 44,292 396,122
						\$	1,134	1,694	\$ 689,590
						\$	3,23	5,138	\$ 2,384,849

March 31, 2017

5. INVESTMENTS (continued)

The Trust manages three investment pools, one each for the two endowment funds and another for a combination of operating funds, unrestricted surplus and restricted deferred contributions (non-endowment). These pools are invested in accordance with Board-approved investment policy statements (IPS) and subject to planning, direction and regular oversight by the Investment Committee. The Trust has contracted an investment portfolio manager to provide advice with respect to security selection (buys and sells) and tactical adjustments, subject to the limits and requirements of the applicable IPS. The investment performance of these pools is monitored and reported quarterly. The highlights of the investment policy statements are as follows:

- Short term investments: These funds are invested short-term in fixed income instruments only such as Bankers Acceptance, T-Bills, GIC's, short-term bonds or savings accounts. The priorities are capital preservation, liquidity and cash flow timing. During the current year the Board of Directors approved amounts to be transferred from project surpluses to the Land Stewardship Endowment and from operating surplus to the Operating Endowment. These funds will be transferred from short term to long term investments early in the following fiscal year and will be invested in accordance with the investment policy statements. Approved transfers to the Land Stewardship Endowment in the current year totaled \$745,279 (2016 \$225,932). Approved transfers to the Operating Endowment in the current year totaled \$60,000 (2016 \$122,500).
- Endowment funds: Target investment allocation consists of 5% in cash and equivalents, 45% in fixed income and 50% in equity. These funds are invested in common stock -Canadian and non-Canadian, preferred shares, bonds and money-market instruments. The objective is an annual real net return (after inflation) of at least 3% with modest tolerance for short-term volatility.

6. CONSERVATION LANDS AND EASEMENTS

2017 2016

Lands \$ 9,257,875 \$9,140,893
Easements 2,632,311 2,512,311

\$11,890,186 \$11,653,204

Conservation lands are properties owned by the Nature Trust. Conservation easements are legal agreements entered into between the Nature Trust and landowners under which restrictions are placed upon lands in order to help conserve the land and its natural features.

During the year, the Nature Trust purchased two properties for \$97,093, received a donated property with a value of \$21,000 and received an easement with a value of \$120,000. There was a reversal in 2017 of a 2016 purchase of land at a tax sale (\$784) since the original owner subsequently paid the back taxes to the municipality. There was \$327 in credit adjustments received in 2017 regarding a land purchase made in 2016.



March 31, 2017

7. TRADE LANDS

Trade lands represent non-conservation lands donated to the Nature Trust with the understanding (by the donor and the Nature Trust) that they will be used to trade for important conservation lands, or sold to generate funds in support of the Nature Trust's conservation mission.

8. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS

There is a little of the control of	2017	2016
Land securement	\$1,784,863	\$1,937,618
Land stewardship	400.270	1,001,744
Education and outreach program	282,062	222,842
Special projects	329,308	355,973
Strategic Fund	70,000	458,380
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	\$2,871,509	\$3,976,557

Deferred contributions represent unspent contributions deferred to match expenditures in a future period. These amounts include contributions for donor specified programs or initiatives such as specific land securement, education programs, and strategic purposes.

9. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS - CAPITAL ASSETS

During the year the Nature Trust purchased land and building at a cost of \$439,785. Deferred contributions in the amount of \$59,719 plus internally restricted funds in the amount of \$51,405 have been transferred directly to investment in net assets, representing the cost of the land. Deferred contributions in the amount of \$328,661, representing the cost of the building, will be recognized as income in the statement of operations each year to offset the amortization of the building. During the year deferred contributions of \$6,573 were recognized as income to offset amortization of the building.

10. ENDOWMENT FUNDS

Endowment funds are contributed by donors and through appropriations of operational surpluses approved by the Board of Directors. These funds are restricted in that the capital be permanently maintained and the investment income be used for specific purposes. The Land Stewardship Fund is for oversight and maintenance of conservation properties; the Operating Fund is for long-term funding for the Nature Trust's operations.



March 31, 2017

11. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Nature Trust considers its capital to be the balance maintained in its Net Assets. The primary financial management objective of the organization is to invest its capital in a manner that will allow it to continue as a going concern and comply with its stated objectives. Capital is invested under the direction of the Board of Directors of the organization with the objective of providing a reasonable rate of return, within reasonable risk tolerances and ensuring adequate liquid investments are on hand for current cash flow requirements.

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Nature Trust's financial instruments consist of cash, short-term investments, accounts receivable, and accounts payable.

The carrying value of cash, short-term investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their fair value due to the immediate or short-term maturity of these financial instruments.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Nature Trust will not be able to meet its obligations associated with financial liabilities. Cash flow from operations provides a substantial portion of the Nature Trust's cash requirements.

Credit risk

The Nature Trust is exposed to credit risk in the event of non-performance by counterparties in connection with its accounts receivable. The Nature Trust does not obtain collateral or other security to support the accounts receivable subject to credit risk but mitigates this risk by dealing only with what management believes to be financially sound counterparties and, accordingly, does not anticipate significant loss for non-performance. The majority of the accounts receivable is with government agencies.

Interest rate risk

The Nature Trust's interest-bearing liabilities include an operating line of credit with a variable interest rate. Changes in the bank's prime lending rate can cause fluctuations in interest payments and future cash flows associated with the principal portion of the operating line of credit. The Nature Trust has not utilized the operating line of credit. Consequently, the exposure to fluctuations in the future cash flows, with respect to these instruments, as a result of changes in market interest rates, is limited.

13. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified from those previously presented to conform with the current year's presentation. In particular, investments have been reclassified between short term and long term based on their intended use in the Statement Of Financial Position.

